

Go to Desmos.com and launch the calculator.

1. Explore:

a. Enter $f(x) = (x+3)^2 - 4$ into equation 1

Enter $g(x) = -|x+3| + 2$ into equation 2

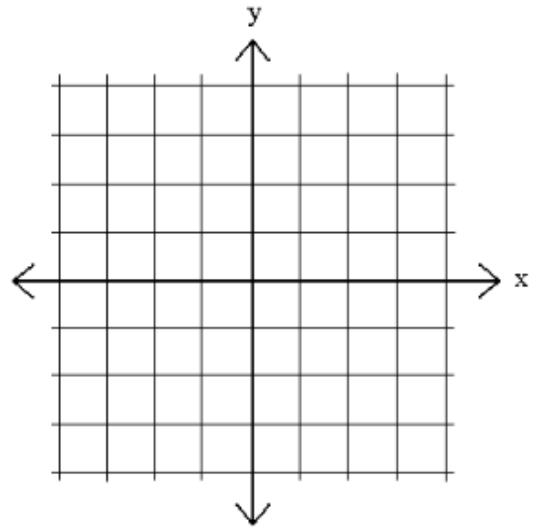
b. Sketch a picture of the graphs here:

c. At how many points does $f(x) = g(x)$? _____

d. State the coordinates of the point(s) where the functions are equal:

e. When $x = 0$, which function is larger? _____

f. When $x = -3$ which function is larger? _____



2. Play around with the VERTICAL shift of $g(x)$ until $f(x) = g(x)$ at ONLY ONE POINT!

a. Write the new equation of $g(x) =$ _____

3. Enter $a(x) = (x-3)^3 + 1$ and $b(x) = |x + 2| - 4$

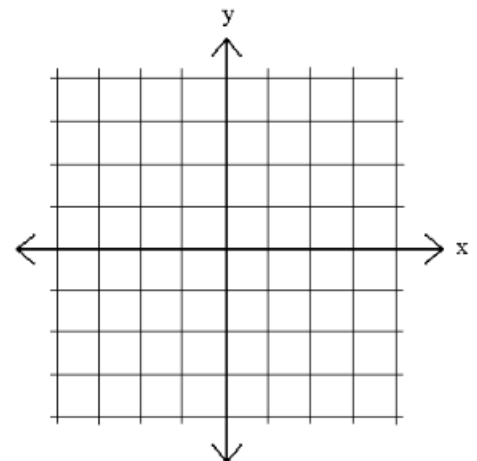
a. Sketch a picture of your graphs:

b. At how many points does $a(x) = b(x)$?

c. State the coordinates of the points:

d. When $x = 0$, which function is greater?

e. When $x = 4$, which function is greater?

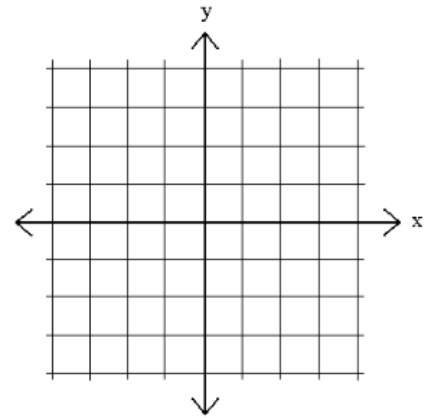


f. PREDICT: answer the following questions without graphing!

i. Explain what will happen if we add a negative sign in BOTH equations:

ii. Will the functions still be equal at the same number of points?

g. Change $a(x)$ and $b(x)$ to have negative coefficients and see if your predictions were right:



4. Create a system of 2 functions $m(x)$ and $n(x)$, one linear and one radical that are equal at $(3,3)$

$$m(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}} \quad n(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$$

5. Create a systems of 2 functions, $p(x)$ and $q(x)$, one quadratic and one absolute value that are equal at the points $(1, -1)$ AND $(4, 3)$

$$p(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}} \quad q(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$$

6. Create a systems of 3 functions, $a(x)$, $b(x)$ and $c(x)$, all of different families that intersect at the point $(1,1)$ (that point CANNOT be the vertex)

$$a(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$$

$$b(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$$

$$c(x) = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$$

